

EcoVadis Sustainability Assessment Report

Company rated: RUBIX GROUP INTERNATIONAL LTD (GROUP)

Overall score: 64 /100 August 2021

Sustainability performance: Moderate

Size: L Headquarters country: United Kingdom Risk country operations: Yes Industry: Wholesale of other machinery and equipment

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ABOUT SUSTAINABILITY

Sustainability is the continuing commitment to act responsibly by integrating social and environmental concerns into business operations. Sustainability goes beyond regulatory compliance to focus on how companies manage their economic, social and environmental impacts, as well as their relationships with stakeholders (e.g. employees, trading partners, government).

ABOUT THE ASSESSMENT

The EcoVadis methodology framework assesses companies' policies and actions as well as their published reporting related to the environment, labor and human rights, ethics and sustainable procurement. Our team of international sustainability experts analyze and crosscheck companies' data (supporting documents, 360° Watch Findings, etc.) in order to create reliable ratings, taking into account each company's industry, size and geographic location.

ABOUT ECOVADIS

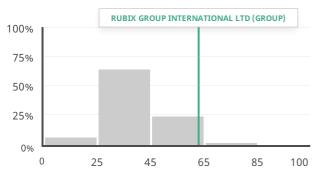
EcoVadis provides the leading solution for monitoring sustainability in global supply chains. Using innovative technology and sustainability expertise, we strive to engage companies and help them adopt sustainable practices.

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1. SUSTAINABILITY PERFORMANCE OVERVIEW

Score breakdown O Insufficient O Partial O Moderate • Advanced Outstanding Sustainability performance Average score **OVERALL SCORE** ENVIRONMENT **LABOR & HUMAN** ETHICS SUSTAINABLE RIGHTS PROCUREMENT 40 / 100 70 / 100 **80** / 100 7 60 / 100 90th percentile

Overall score distribution

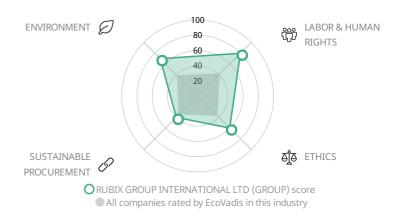


All companies rated by EcoVadis in this industry



RUBIX GROUP INTERNATIONAL LTD (GROUP) has been awarded a silver medal in recognition of sustainability achievement! To receive this medal, companies must have an overall score of 54-66.

Theme score comparison



Corrective Action Plan in progress

The Corrective Action Plan is a collaborative feature designed to support companies' performance improvement. It enables companies to build an improvement plan online, communicate planned and completed corrective actions and share feedback. RUBIX GROUP INTERNATIONAL LTD (GROUP) has a corrective action plan in place and is working on improving their sustainability management system.

* You are receiving this score/medal based on the disclosed information and news resources available to EcoVadis at the time of assessment. Should any information or circumstances change materially during the period of the scorecard/medal validity, EcoVadis reserves the right to place the business' scorecard/medal on hold and, if considered appropriate, to re-assess and possibly issue a revised scorecard/medal.

2. ASSESSMENT BENEFITS

Understand :

Get a clear picture of a company's sustainability performance. The scorecard is the final output of the EcoVadis assessment. It rates and benchmarks a company's sustainability performance in four themes on a scale of 0-100 and highlights strengths and improvement areas.

Know where a company stands compared to their industry. Benchmark the company's sustainability performance against the industry with a score distribution graph and theme score comparisons.

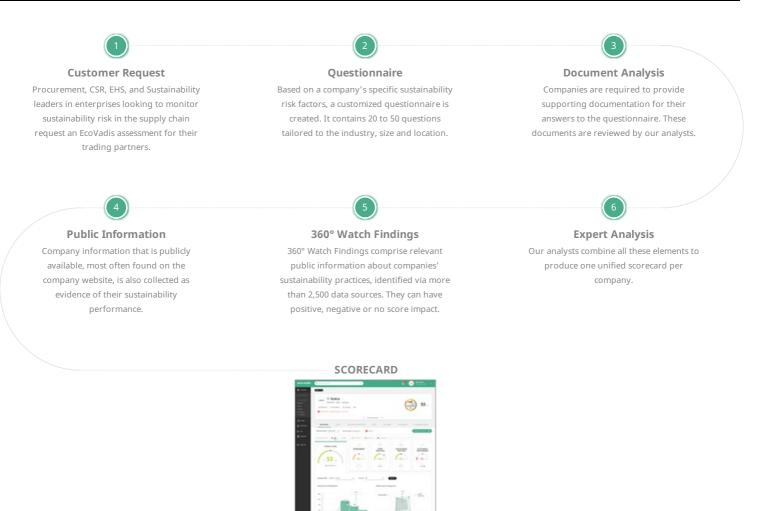
Identify industry trends. Discover the primary sustainability risks, regulations, hot topics and best practices related to specific industries.

Communicate :

Meet customer needs. More and more companies raise questions about their trading partners' environmental and social performance. The EcoVadis assessment allows companies to demonstrate their commitment.

Leverage a unique communication tool. Companies with an EcoVadis Scorecard avoid audit fatigue by sharing one assessment with all requesting customers.

3. ASSESSMENT PROCESS



4. ECOVADIS METHODOLOGY

A. Four Themes and 21 Criteria

EcoVadis assessments focus on 21 issues which are grouped into 4 themes (Environment, Labor & Human Rights, Ethics, Sustainable Procurement). The 21 issues or criteria are based upon international sustainability standards such as the Global Compact Principles, the International Labour Organization (ILO) conventions, the Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) standard, the ISO 26000 standard, and the CERES principles.

21 sustainability criteria

1. ENVIRONMENT OPERATIONS

Energy consumption & GHGs Water Biodiversity Local & Accidental Pollution Materials, Chemicals & Waste

PRODUCTS

Product Use Product End-of-Life Customer Health & Safety Environmental Services & Advocacy

3. ETHICS

Corruption Anticompetitive Practices Responsible Information Management





HUMAN RESOURCES Employee Health & Safety

2. LABOR & HUMAN RIGHTS

Working Conditions Social Dialogue Career Management & Training

HUMAN RIGHTS

Child Labor, Forced Labor & Human Trafficking Diversity, Discrimination & Harassment External Stakeholders Human Rights

4. SUSTAINABLE PROCUREMENT Supplier Environmental Practices Supplier Social Practices



B. Seven Management Indicators

EcoVadis assessments evaluate a company's sustainability management system by looking at seven management indicators. These are used to further customize the assessment by weighting the four themes and their subsequent 21 sustainability criteria.



Policies (weight: 25%)

1. Policies: Mission statements, policies, objectives, targets, governance

2. Endorsement: Endorsement of external sustainability initiatives

Actions (weight: 40%)

3. Measures: Measures and actions implemented (e.g. procedures, training, equipment)

- 4. Certifications: Certifications and labels (e.g. ISO 14001)
- 5. Coverage: Coverage of measures and actions

Results (weight: 35%)

- 6. Reporting: Reporting on Key Performance Indicators (KPIs)
- 7.360: Condemnations, Controversies, Awards

5. UNDERSTANDING A SCORECARD

The overall score can be better understood by looking at quantitative information (theme scores and activated criteria) and qualitative information (strengths and improvement areas).

A. Quantitative Information: Scores & Activated Criteria

Theme Scores:

Like the overall score, theme scores are on a scale of 1 to 100.

Activated Criteria:

Each of the four themes (Environment, Labor & Human Rights, Ethics, Sustainable Procurement) have specific criteria associated with them. Because the questionnaire is customized by industry, size and location, not all 21 criteria are activated for every company and some criteria are weighted more heavily than others.

Non-activated

If certain criteria are not activated, then the specific associated issue is not relevant or has very low sustainabiliy risk for that company.

Medium

Medium importance criteria are the issues some sustainability risk is present but not the most pressing.



High importance criteria are the issues where the company faces the greatest sustainability risk.

Risk countries only

Criteria classified as Only in Risk Countries are activated only if the company has significant operations in one or more countries identified as risky.

C. The Scoring Scale

B. Qualitative Information: Strengths & Improvement Areas

Qualitative information provides more details and insights into a company's score. For each theme, the company is assigned strengths (elements of their sustainability management system that are positive) and improvement areas (elements of their sustainability management system that need to be improved). The strengths and improvement areas are divided according to the three management layers (Policies, Actions, Results) and are also classified by priority.

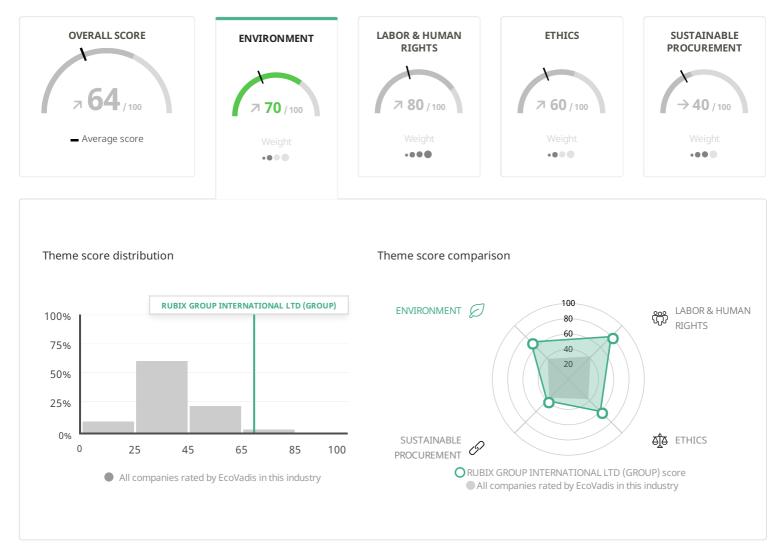
All improvement areas are automatically added to the company's Corrective Action Plan. They are pre-organized by priority. The Corrective Action Plan is a collaborative feature designed to support companies' performance improvement. It enables companies to build an improvement plan online, communicate planned and completed corrective actions and share feedback.

0 - 24	Insufficient	No engagements or tangible actions regarding sustainability. Evidence in certain cases of misconduct (e.g. pollution, corruption).
25 - 44	Partial	No structured sustainability approach. Few engagements or tangible actions on selected issues. Partial reporting on Key Performance Indicators. Partial certification or occasional labeled product.
45 - 64	Moderate	Structured and proactive sustainability approach. Engagements/policies and tangible actions on major issues. Basic reporting on actions or Key Performance Indicators.
65 - 84	Advanced	Structured and proactive sustainability approach. Engagements/policies and tangible actions on major issues with detailed implementation information. Significant sustainability reporting on actions and Key Performance Indicators.
85 - 100	Outstanding	Structured and proactive sustainability approach. Engagements/policies and tangible actions on all issues with detailed implementation information. Comprehensive sustainability reporting on actions and Key Performance Indicators. Innovative practices and external recognition.

6. ENVIRONMENT

This theme takes into account both operational factors (e.g. energy consumption, waste management) and product stewardship (e.g. product end-of-life, customer health and safety issues).

Environment Score Breakdown



Environment: Activated Criteria

Because the questionnaire is customized by industry, size and location, not all 21 criteria are activated for every company and some criteria are weighted more heavily than others.

Environment: Strengths & Improvement Areas

The Corrective Action Plan is a collaborative feature designed to support companies' performance improvement. It enables companies to build an improvement plan online, communicate planned and completed corrective actions and share feedback. Improvement areas with ongoing corrective actions are marked with labels below.

Weight

Environment

Strengths (26)

Policies

Quantitative objectives set on some relevant issues [i.e. energy consumption & GHGs]

Information

The company has defined and has formally communicated quantitative objectives (i.e. targets) with regard to the relevant environmental policy objectives.

Guidance

Quantitative objectives or targets on environmental issues are considered as fundamental elements of comprehensive policy mechanism. They provide a monitoring framework that helps establish whether policy objectives are being met, and highlight the progress towards set goals. Some examples of specific targets on this topic include quantitative objectives on issues such as energy consumption reduction. As policy elements, targets can be expressed in absolute or relative terms and must have a valid future deadline (i.e. by 2020 we commit to reduce our energy consumption by 20% from 2015 levels). Best practices are to issue valid quantitative objectives or targets for all relevant environmental issues in a particular industry sector. Download the How-to Guide on this topic here (in English).

Comprehensive policy on a majority of environmental issues

Information

A comprehensive environmental policy includes commitments and/or operational objectives on the majority of environmental risks the company faces, and integrates quantitative objectives (i.e. targets) on those risks.

Endorsement of the United Nations Global Compact (UNGC)

Information

The UN Global Compact is a strategic policy initiative for businesses that are committed to aligning their operations and strategies with ten universally accepted principles in the areas of human rights, labour, environment and anticorruption. The company is a formal signatory of this initiative.

Guidance Policies ar

Policies are deemed exceptional when all environmental issues are covered by qualitative and quantitative objectives, in addition to some of the following elements: scope of application, allocation of responsibilities, and formal review processes. Download the How-to Guide on this topic here (in English).

Guidance

The United Nations Global Compact is a United Nations strategic policy initiative to encourage businesses worldwide to adopt sustainable and socially responsible policies, and to report on their implementation. Companies sign the initiative and then are required to provide overviews of their management system through a mandatory disclosure framework (annual publication of a Communication on Progress [COP]).

Actions

Training of employees on energy conservation/climate actions

Company-specific emergency preparedness and response procedure regarding customer health and safety

Reduction of carbon emissions in transportation

Energy and/or carbon audit

Information

The company has provided supporting documentation demonstrating that it has performed an energy audit or carbon assessment.

Guidance

An energy audit is an inspection, survey and analysis of energy flows, within a building, process or system to reduce energy consumption. An energy audit is the first step in identifying opportunities to reduce energy expense and carbon footprints. Carbon assessment or carbon footprint is a measure of the amount of CO2 or other GHG emissions of a defined process expressed as carbon dioxide equivalent and this can be done using a carbon footprint calculator.

Third party on-site audit on environmental issues (less than 24 months old), no non-compliance found [Brammer UK, Achilles BuildingConfidence audit]

Information

The company provides evidence of an independent third party audit report that covers environmental impacts from its operations and/or products. No significant number of major or critical non-conformances were found.

Guidance

Guidance

The audit report is considered relevant when: 1) it is based on recognized auditing standards (e.g. SMETA, EICC, JAC, TfS); 2) it is less than 24 months old and provides good coverage on the main issues at stake; 3) it represents most of the company's operations; 4) it was conducted by a recognized accredited body

Examples might include selection of energy efficient equipment e.g. energy star

office equipment, switching to LED lamps, improvement of building isolation.

Measures to reduce energy consumption

Information

The company has implemented specific measures to reduce the consumption of energy related to its activities.

Provision of services for reducing paper/carton consumption

Measures to reduce paper consumption

Information

The company has implemented specific measures to reduce the consumption of paper related to its activities.

Guidance

Examples might include provision of online catalogue to clients, distribution and storage of documents electronically (e.g. bills, press release, staff awareness on 'need to print', setting printers to double side).

Company specific recycle or reuse programs and promotion campaign

Safety Data Sheets (SDS) provided for some products

Information

The company issues Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for some products.

Guidance

Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDSs) are forms which contain detailed data regarding the chemical and physical properties of a particular substance. It is an important component of workplace safety. MSDSs are required when a substance or preparation is supplied to any user in the European Union when the substance or the preparation contains a chemical that is classified as a dangerous substance or a SVHC, PBT or vPvB. The MSDS sheets must be distributed by the manufacturer or distributor of the product.

Measures implemented to use recycled packaging

Information

The company has provided supporting documentation demonstrating that it uses recycled packaging

Guidance

The type and amount of materials the organization uses can indicate its dependence on natural resources. Sustainable packaging is a way to reduce this impact. By using recycled packaging, a company can reduce its dependence on natural resources. Some example of recycled packaging are post-consumer recycled paper or paper board cartons, upcycled cardboard packaging, etc.

Regular training on work processes for labeling, storing, handling and transporting hazardous goods

Information

The company has provided supporting documentation demonstrating that it provides regular training on work processes for labeling, storing, handling and transporting hazardous goods

Guidance

Proper labeling of hazardous substances might include alignment with the Globally Harmonized System (GHS) of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals or other regional schemes like TSCA, IESCS. The company may also train its employees regarding the proper storage and handling of hazardous goods, such as procedures to avoid accidental spills or instructions on the use of appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) in the handling of hazardous goods. Transportation procedures might include checklists for loading/unloading hazardous goods or procedures in place to ensure that all necessary information is included on documents for consignment of hazardous goods.

Provision of eco-friendly packaging materials

Information

The company has provided supporting documentation demonstrating that it provides its products to it customers using eco-friendly packaging materials.

Guidance

Some examples of eco-friendly packaging materials include but are not limited to the following: Bio-plastics, recycled paper/plastics, comestible packaging (for food products), biodegradable or isotherm packaging. Eco-friendly packaging can also include "light weighting", which means that less plastic to create packaging, such as a thinner plastic water bottle. This can also reduce transportation costs. Post-consumer recycled material can also be used in packaging, the best practice is to clearly mark the packaging as recyclable and providing information about how to best recycle the container help improve consumer awareness.

Measures to recycle paper/carton waste

Information

The company has implemented specific measures to recycle waste made of paper and/or carton.

Guidance

Examples of such measures might include sorting paper and ensuring on-site re-use (e.g. with one-side printed pages), organising external collection by a specialist paper waste contractor or carton packaging collector.

ISO 14001 certified (at least one operational site)

Information

The company has provided a valid ISO 14001 certificate that covers at least one operating site

Guidance

ISO 14001 is the internationally recognised standard for the environmental management of businesses. It prescribes controls for those activities that have an effect on the environment. These include the use of natural resources, handling and treatment of waste and energy consumption. Organizations that implement ISO 14001 have a clear management structure with defined authority and responsibility, clear objectives for improvement, with measurable results and a structured approach to environmental impacts. This includes the monitoring of environmental system management failures, auditing of performance, and review of policies and objectives.

Waste management measures in place

Information

The company has implemented specific actions regarding management of waste.

Guidance

Examples of such measures include (but are not limited to): procedures to reuse or recycle waste, waste separation and waste sorting procedures, work process to optimize material consumption or to reduce waste, waste disposal arrangements etc.

Results

CSR report has been prepared in accordance with GRI Standards

Reporting on total Scope 1 and/or 2 GHG emissions

Reporting on total weight of non-hazardous waste

Reporting on total weight of hazardous waste

External assurance of sustainability reporting

Reporting on total energy consumption

Information

The company has reported KPIs with regard to total energy consumption either through formal documentation or questionnaire declaration.

Guidance

Total energy consumed represents total primary energy consumption reported in kWh. Total energy consumed may include e.g. consumption of coal and coke (in Kg) reported in kWh and/or consumption of oil, LPG and electrical power in kWh.

Standard reporting on environmental issues

Information

There is evidence of formal reporting implemented regarding the management and the mitigation of the company environmental footprint from its supporting documentation, including key performance indicators (KPIs), statistical figures or associated concrete actions.

Guidance

Reporting items are standard in terms of quality and quantity, do cover the main issues, are meaningful enough, and are regularly updated. Examples of key performance indicators include total electricity consumption, electricity consumed per kg of product or per unit produced. Comprehensive reporting on environmental issues will additionally have KPIs reported in a formal public document available to stakeholders, and will be in compliance with the Global Reporting Initiative guidelines or other external CSR reporting standards. Download the How-to Guide on this topic here (in English).

Improvement Areas (2)

Actions



Only between 21% and 40% of sites ISO 14001 certified

Information

The assessed company has several operational sites. Only 21-40% of operational facilities are ISO 14001 certified.

Guidance

Publicly available information or supporting documents only show a 21-40% coverage of operational facilities certified with ISO 14001. Companies that have more than one operational site, office or subsidiary must demonstrate that environmental certificates (like ISO 14001) are deployed across a majority of sites in order to guarantee an effective company-wide CSR management system.

Results

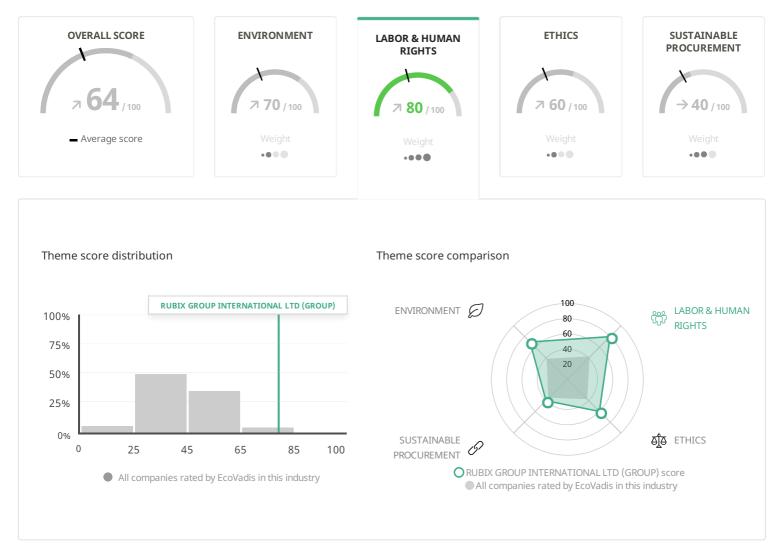
Low

No information on the level of compliance with GRI guidelines

7. LABOR & HUMAN RIGHTS

This theme takes into account both internal human resources (e.g. health and safety, working conditions, career management) and human rights issues (e.g. discrimination and/or harassment, child labor).

Labor & Human Rights Score Breakdown



Labor & Human Rights: Activated Criteria

Because the questionnaire is customized by industry, size and location, not all 21 criteria are activated for every company and some criteria are weighted more heavily than others.

Labor & Human Rights: Strengths & Improvement Areas

The Corrective Action Plan is a collaborative feature designed to support companies' performance improvement. It enables companies to build an improvement plan online, communicate planned and completed corrective actions and share feedback. Improvement areas with ongoing corrective actions are marked with labels below.

Weight

<u>ိက္က</u>ိ Lab<u>or & Human Rights</u>

Strengths (44)

Policies

Comprehensive policy on a majority of labor or human rights issues

Information

The company has issued a formal comprehensive policy that integrates commitments, qualitative and quantitative objectives on labor or human rights issues in the company's operations.

Guidance

Policies are deemed exceptional when all labor/human rights issues are covered by qualitative and quantitative objectives, in addition to some of the following elements: scope of application, allocation of responsibilities, and formal review processes. Download the How-to Guide on this topic here (in English).

Quantitative objectives set on some relevant issues [i.e. employee health & safety]

Information

The company has defined and has formally communicated quantitative objectives (i.e. targets) with regard to the relevant labor practices policy objectives.

Guidance

Quantitative objectives or targets on labor and human rights issues are considered as fundamental elements of a comprehensive policy mechanism. They provide a monitoring framework that helps establish whether policy objectives are being met, and highlight the progress towards set goals. Some examples of specific targets on this topic include quantitative objectives on health & safety indicators (i.e. accident frequency and accident severity rates), and quantitative objectives on the percentage of employees trained on discrimination and/or harassment issues, among others. As policy elements, targets can be expressed in absolute or relative terms and must have a valid future deadline (i.e. by 2020 we commit to train 100% of employees on discrimination issues). To achieve the maximum score on the policies indicator, valid quantitative objectives or targets should be present for high importance CSR issues in this theme. Download the How-to Guide on this topic here (in English).

Endorsement of the United Nations Global Compact (UNGC)

Information

The UN Global Compact is a strategic policy initiative for businesses that are committed to aligning their operations and strategies with ten universally accepted principles in the areas of human rights, labour, environment and anticorruption. The company is a formal signatory of this initiative.

Guidance

The United Nations Global Compact is a United Nations strategic policy initiative to encourage businesses worldwide to adopt sustainable and socially responsible policies, and to report on their implementation. Companies sign the initiative and then are required to provide overviews of their management system through a mandatory disclosure framework (annual publication of a Communication on Progress [COP]).

Actions

ISO 45001 certified (at least one operational site)

Compensation for extra or atypical working hours

Information

The company provides additional remuneration to compensate for overtime work.

Guidance

Extra or atypical hours refers to all hours worked in excess of the normal hours (could be overtime hours for instance). Employees should be provided additional compensation for overtime and/or other forms of atypical working hours.

Additional leave beyond standard vacation days

Information

The company has official measures to promote work-life balance in place, which have been found within the supporting documentation. The company provides additional leave beyond vacation days mandated by local regulations.

Guidance

The company has implemented working practices that acknowledge and aim to support the needs of staff in achieving a balance between their home and working lives. The company provides additional days of leave for employees, outside of standard vacation days mandated by regulations. Additional days of leave can include paternal leave, bereavement leave, jury duty, election day leave, and sabbatical leave.

Employee satisfaction survey

Information

The company conducts a survey to employees regarding satisfaction in the work environment.

Guidance

An employee satisfaction survey can be conducted by companies to gain information on how and if employees are satisfied in the work environment. The results of these surveys can used by companies to get feedback on employees about their engagement, morale, and satisfaction at work.

Childcare services or allowance

Information

The company has official measures to promote work-life balance in place, which have been found within the supporting documentation. The company provides services and/or an allowance for child care.

Guidance

The company has implemented working practices that acknowledge and aim to support the needs of staff in achieving a balance between their home and working lives. The company provides an allowance to help employees cover the costs of child care, or the company provides services that can help employees who need child care during work hours for their children.

Bonus scheme related to company performance

Information

The company has implemented a bonus program that is related to company performance.

Guidance

It should be part of a robust employee contract to include a bonus scheme, but one that takes into account employee performance and company performance. The company has thus implemented a scheme of monetary remuneration for employees beyond base salary, linked to company performance. This is a form of motivation and it boosts the performance of employees.

Collective agreement on diversity, discrimination, and/or harassment

Information

There is a collective agreement between an employer, its employees, and in accordance with national regulations regarding any of the following labor issues: employees' health & safety, working conditions, career management & training, discrimination and/or harassment.

Guidance

Social dialogue entails all types of negotiation, consultation or simply exchange of information between representatives of governments, employers and workers, on issues of common interest relating to economic and social policy. A collective agreement is an agreement in writing regarding working conditions and terms of employment concluded between an employer, on the one hand, and one or more representative workers' organizations, in accordance with national laws and regulations, on the other. Content of collective agreements should focus on the most important social dialogue topics; e.g. a collective agreement regarding discrimination and/or harassment.

Collective agreement on training & career management

Information

There is a collective agreement between an employer, its employees, and in accordance with national regulations regarding any of the following labor issues: employees' health & safety, working conditions, career management & training, discrimination and/or harassment.

Guidance

Social dialogue entails all types of negotiation, consultation or simply exchange of information between representatives of governments, employers and workers, on issues of common interest relating to economic and social policy. A collective agreement is an agreement in writing regarding working conditions and terms of employment concluded between an employer, on the one hand, and one or more representative workers' organizations, in accordance with national laws and regulations, on the other. Content of collective agreements should focus on the most important social dialogue topics; e.g. a collective agreement regarding career management & training.

Collective agreement on working conditions

Collective agreement on employees' health & safety

Information

There is a collective agreement between an employer, its employees, and in accordance with national regulations regarding any of the following labor issues: employees' health & safety, working conditions, career management & training, discrimination and/or harassment.

Guidance

Social dialogue entails all types of negotiation, consultation or simply exchange of information between representatives of governments, employers and workers, on issues of common interest relating to economic and social policy. A collective agreement is an agreement in writing regarding working conditions and terms of employment concluded between an employer, on the one hand, and one or more representative workers' organizations, in accordance with national laws and regulations, on the other. Content of collective agreements should focus on the most important social dialogue topics; e.g. a collective agreement regarding employees' health & safety.

Flexible organization of work available to employees (e.g. remote work, flexitime)

Information

The company has official measures to promote work-life balance in place, which have been found within the supporting documentation. The company provides flexible hours and organization for employees to work.

Guidance

The company has implemented working practices that acknowledge and aim to support the needs of staff in achieving a balance between their home and working lives. The company has supporting documentation showing a flexible organization of working hours is provided for employees, which can include evidence of options for part-time work, telecommuting or remote work, jobshares, and other forms of variable work schedules.

Health care coverage of employees in place

Whistleblower procedure on discrimination and harassment

Information

The company has implemented a formal whistleblower procedure which encourages employees (and external stakeholders) to report potential violations of the company's discrimination and/or harassment policies.

Guidance

Employees can report on areas such as violations of the company's discrimination and/or harassment policy (e.g. on hiring, remuneration, training, promotion) through anonymous and secure communication channels. In addition, non-retaliation is ensured.

Awareness training regarding diversity, discrimination, and/or harassment

Supporting documentation demonstrates a high level of coverage of labor and human rights actions throughout the company operations/workforce

Information

The assessed company has a large workforce (over 1000 employees). According to information in supporting documentation and our research, there is a high level of deployment of labor and human rights actions throughout the company (generally over 60% of workforce and/or operational sites are covered by actions).

Guidance

Companies that have a large employee base and/or more than one operational site shall demonstrate that their labor and human rights management system is deployed across all relevant sites. Operational sites within the assessment scope may include facilities such as manufacturing plants, offices, divisions, branches, and those of subsidiaries, across all the company's geographic locations. Some examples of evidence used to determine effective deployment of a labor and human rights management system's actions and certifications include (but are not limited to): -% of the total workforce across all locations represented in formal joint management-worker health & safety committees -% of the total workforce across all locations who are covered by formal collective agreements concerning working conditions -% of the total workforce across all locations who received regular performance and career development reviews -% of all operational sites that have been subject to human rights reviews or human rights impact assessments

Third party on-site audit on labor and human rights issues (less than 24 months old), only a few minor non-compliances found [Brammer UK, Achilles BuildingConfidence audit]

Information

The company provides evidence through supporting documentation that an audit was conducted, within the past 24 months, by an independent external organisation (i.e. third-party) on the company premises covering labor and human rights practice. Only a few minor non-compliances have been found following this audit.

Guidance

A third party on-site audit is an on-site examination of a company's business sites and sustainability practices by an independent third party auditor. The objective of such audit is to assess the performance of the company with regards to key sustainability criteria as well as the implementation of management systems with regards to sustainability. The performance is therefore verified against a pre-defined set of audit criteria including labor and human rights practices and an audit report is produced to indicate the noncompliances found and to determine the required correction action procedure. Note that the non-compliance can be ranked according from minor to critical and a minor non-compliance indicates an occasional or isolated problem that represents a low risk to workers or those on site, i.e. there is no evidence of material breach. Some examples include: SMETA, EICC, JAC, TfS, BSCI, GSCP.

Emergency preparedness plan to all impacted employees (e.g. fire drills)

Information

The company has conducted an emergency preparedness plan to protect all impacted employees from potential hazards.

Guidance

Some potential examples of measures could include building evacuation drills ("fire drills"), sheltering from severe weather such as tornadoes, "shelter-inplace" from an exterior airborne hazard such as a chemical release and protective action when faced with an act of violence.

Specific labor or human rights certification [i.e. equal pay management system]

Information

The assessed company has a specific labor and human rights management system certificate.

Guidance

Specific labor and human rights management system certificates include AFAQ 26000, Intertek's Workplace Conditions Assessment Achievement Award, LUCIE, etc.

Employee representatives or employee representative body (e.g. works council)

Information

The company has implemented representation for employees in the form of elected employee representatives or a representative body.

Guidance

Social dialogue entails all types of negotiation, consultation or simply exchange of information between representatives of governments, employers and workers, on issues of common interest relating to economic and social policy. Employee representatives can include representatives who are freely elected by the workers of the company in accordance with provisions of national laws, or any union, works council or other agency or representative body recognized for the purposes of bargaining collectively on behalf of any employee. They are the point of contact between the workforce and management. They can/must be consulted by management on certain topics (e.g. collective redundancy).

Specific measures on discrimination issues

Information

The company has implemented specific actions concerning discrimination issues

Guidance

Discrimination is defined as different treatment given to people in hiring, remuneration, training, promotion, and termination which is based on race, national origin, religion, disability, gender, sexual orientation, union membership, political affiliation or age (source: ISO 26000). Some examples of actions taken by companies to mitigate the risk of discrimination include training for managers on the subject, implementation of whistle blowing procedures, disciplinary measures and other specific measures for integration of people with disabilities, senior employees and women.

Safety Checklist for Contractors certified (SCC certified) [i.e. VCA]

Information

The company has provided a valid Safety Checklist Contractor certified (SCC certified) certificate for at least one of its operational sites or business units.

Guidance

The Safety Checklist for Contractors (SCC) is a standard for evaluating and certifying safety management systems. This certification shows that the subcontractor's internal processes have been measured against best practices in safety management of hazardous work and found compliant. The standard was originally developed for the oil industry, but is currently also used in other sectors. The benefits of a SCC system include expansion of the supplier assessment system by safety aspects, improvement of the health and safety conduct of large-scale industry contractors, higher motivation of the employees by means of clearer organization and responsibilities, improved legal safety through proof of fulfillment of legal requirements and reduction of costs through improved work safety.

Provision of protective equipment to all impacted employees

Information

The company provides personal protective equipment to all impacted employees

Guidance

Personal protective equipment, commonly referred to as "PPE", is equipment worn to minimize exposure to a variety of health and safety hazards. Examples of PPE include items such as gloves, foot and eye protection, protective hearing devices (earplugs, muffs) hard hats, respirators and full body suits. (Source: Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)) When engineering, work practice and administrative controls are not feasible or do not provide sufficient protection, employers must provide personal protective equipment (PPE) to their employees and ensure their systematic use. In general, employees should properly wear PPE, attend training sessions on PPE, care for, clean and maintain PPE, and inform a supervisor of the need to repair or replace PPE.

Employee health & safety detailed risk assessment

Information

The company carries out employee health & safety detailed risk assessments

Guidance

The company has carried out detailed risk assessment of health and safety. Occupational health and safety risk assessments are a crucial step in the prevention process. They involve the identification of all the potential hazards an employee may face while carrying out regular duties and which type of employees may be more exposed to hazards (by job function). The level of risk, records of significant findings and proposition of preventive actions are also highlighted, in addition to plans for regular review of the risk assessment. If applicable, the results of a health and safety risk assessment should be made available to relevant stakeholders such as employees, members of the health and safety committee , staff representatives, the occupational physicians, and labor inspectors.

Transparent recruitment process communicated clearly and formally to all candidates

Information

The company has a transparent recruitment process in place which is clearly and formally communicated to all candidates

Guidance

The company has a transparent hiring process in place which is communicated to all candidates. This includes, but is not limited to: having a clear job description, a process in place to respond to applicants after an interview, notification to candidates on potential background checks, etc. An open, transparent, and merit-based recruitment process ensures equal opportunities to the job applicants, free of any direct or indirect discrimination.

Measures to prevent discrimination during recruitment phase

Information

The company has proactive measures in place to avoid discrimination during the recruitment phase

Guidance

Discrimination is defined as different treatment given to people in hiring, remuneration, training, promotion, and termination. Discrimination can be based on race, national origin, religion, disability, gender, sexual orientation, union membership, political affiliation or age (source: ISO 26000). Some examples of measures to prevent discrimination during the recruitment phase are: to have a predefined procedure covering the selection process, to establish a pre-determined and non-discriminatory role profile for the open position based on skills competencies which the successful applicant must meet, and to encourage diversity amongst applicants.

Regular assessment (at least once a year) of individual performance

Information

The company carries out regular assessments or appraisal of individual performance at least on a yearly basis for employees

Guidance

The company has implemented regular assessment of employee performance. Regular assessments of employees aim to evaluate employee individual performance and productivity, combining both written and oral elements, and are based on a systematic and periodic process linked with a pre-established criteria and organizational objectives. The best practice concerning this criteria is to have a review with the employee at least annually, and to include employee self-assessments aimed at maintaining employee engagement in their own performance and overall organizational objectives. Setting and measuring goals related to the employee's career objectives, as well as including manager and peer feedback on the employee's performance are all important components in this regular assessment process.

Interactive session with employees regarding working conditions

Information

The company has an interactive communication session with employees on working conditions.

Guidance

Interactive communication strategies help and allow companies to receive input and feedback directly from employees. These sessions should focus on working conditions & benefits. This assists companies in effectively running their business and helps eliminate or reduce workplace mistakes, oversights and inter-office conflict. Proactive strategies can include creating a discussion agenda, communication policies and structured workshops between employees and management.

Mandatory health check-up for employees

Information

The company provides general mandatory health check-up for employees

Guidance

The company carries out mandatory health check-up for its employees. Within the scope of health check ups, the mental and physical states of employees are investigated to ascertain the status of the employee's health related to the job function, and in particular to identify any negative work-related effects on employees. According to the International Labor Organization (ILO), it is recommended that a health check up for employees is carried out within thirty days from the first day the employee is employed and the subsequent health check up conducted at least once a year by a licensed medical practitioner, especially for manufacturing companies presenting high health and safety risks for employees.

Active preventive measures for noise exposure

Information

The company has preventive measures against noise exposure

Guidance

The company has measures in place to monitor, prevent and report on noise level within the company premises. Typical sectors for workers affected by loud noise include construction, agriculture, forestry, manufacturing of metal and wood, mining and quarrying. Noise-induced hearing loss is one of the most prominent and most recognised occupational diseases in the Member States of the European Union. Noise generated from activities could be a nuisance for employees whilst affecting their health. The company should detect unacceptable noise impacts by implementing a monitoring program and report on results.

Active preventive measures for Repetitive Strain Injury (RSI)

Information

The company has implemented active preventive measures for Repetitive Strain Injuries (RSIs).

Guidance

RSIs are occupational injuries to muscles, tendons or nerves caused by repetitive tasks, muscular efforts, vibrations, or sustained or awkward postures when performing a task. They include carpal tunnel syndrome (in the wrist) as well as shoulder, neck and back problems (ILO). A similar term is Cumulative trauma disorder (or 'CTD' in the U.S.). Some examples of measures include, ensuring variation, providing an ergonomic work environment, setting priorities to decrease work pressure, and including long, short and micro breaks during working hours.

Official measures promoting career mobility

Information

The company has implemented measures to promote internal mobility for employees.

Guidance

The company has a process in place to promote internal mobility for employees. Career mobility refers to the movement of employees across positions/paygrades or a complete change in job function (i.e. horizontal career mobility) within the same organization. Some examples of measures promoting internal career mobility include, but are not limited to: objectively promoting talent based on ability and potential, developing roadmaps for key talent in the company, continuing professional training, and encouraging employees to broaden their range of skills.

Provision of skills development training

Information

The company provides training to its employees to develop their skills

Guidance

The company has implemented vocational training and instruction, which include skills development training, education paid for in whole or in part by the company, with the goal to provide opportunities for career advancement (Source: Global Reporting Initiative G3). Examples of on-the-job training to enhance employee skills are coaching, mentoring, job rotation, apprenticeships, etc. Total number of hours of training per employee per year can be a significant key performance indicator for this action.

Measures to prevent on-site substance use

Information

The company has implemented measures to prevent on-site substance abuse

Some potential measures include the development of a substance abuse policy, training through websites, seminars, or a refresher course, testing programs and disciplinary measures.

Specific measures implemented for the integration of employees with disabilities

Information

The company has implemented specific measures to integrate disabled persons into the workforce.

Guidance

Guidance

Emerging studies determine that there is a true business case for the integration of disabled employees into the workforce beyond its roots as a socially responsible business practice. Evidence states that disabled employees have comparable productivity rates, lower accident rates, and higher job retention trends. People with disabilities also represent an untapped source of skills and talent, including technical skills if they have access to training and transferable problem-solving skills developed in daily life. Hiring disabled employees can contribute to the overall diversity, creativity and workplace morale. Some potential examples of implementation measures could include specific outreach techniques and programs, the provision of reasonable accommodation to meet individual needs, and allocating designated human resources management staff with knowledge on disadvantaged or work-related disability issues, etc. (source: ILO)

Setting of individual career plan for all employees

Information

The company has implemented mechanisms to help employees in setting individual career plans

Guidance

Career planning is an ongoing process that can help employees manage their learning and development/progress within the company. It is also a key component of a company's attraction and retention strategy. The company has mechanisms in place to provide career opportunities to employees, allowing them to access to promotions and higher pay. For example, an individual development plan can be put in place by analyzing skills and competencies needed by the employees to achieve their short, mid and long term goals. This process should also be coupled with the annual review process of the employee.

Training of relevant employees on health & safety risks and best working practices

Information

The company provides training to relevant employees on health and safety risks and best working practices

Guidance

The company has implemented training on health and safety issues. Safety training aims at implementing health and safety procedures into specific job practices and at raising staff awareness and skills to an acceptable standard. For example, safety training covers topics such as accident prevention and safety promotion, safety compliance, use of personal protective equipment, chemical and hazardous materials safety, and workplace emergency response procedures. A best practice is to have a training matrix which helps to keep track of which employees have been trained, the date of the training, the training topic, and expected dates for refresher trainings. Monitoring of training attendance certificates is also suggested. It is also a best practice to have the training carried out in the language that the employees understand best and to carry out tests or quizzes to ensure training concepts have been successfully transmitted to participants.

Results

CSR report has been prepared in accordance with GRI Standards

Reporting on average training hours per employee

External assurance of sustainability reporting

Reporting on the percentage of women in top executive positions

Information

The company reports, either through formal documentation or questionnaire declaration, on the percentage of women in executive positions (e.g. senior or top management).

Guidance

Executive positions include positions such as chief financial officers, chief operating officers, or any other key roles in a company. The aim is to look into whether a company is promoting an increase in gender diversity in its executive rank or not. It is important to note that in 2015, only 14.2% of the top five leadership positions in companies in the S&P500 are held by women acording to CNNMoney analysis.

Comprehensive reporting on labor and human rights issues

Information

There is evidence of reporting implemented regarding labor practices & human rights issues within the company supporting documentation, including key performance indicators (KPIs), statistical figures or associated concrete actions. The reporting covers the main issues and is regularly updated.

Guidance

The reporting covers the entity under evaluation (e.g. KPIs might be aggregate at group level). KPIs may include (but are not limited to): accident frequency and severity rates, the percentage of employees covered by collective bargaining agreements, skills development trainings, and percentage of employees trained on discrimination issues. Additionally, KPIs are reported in a formal public document available to stakeholders, and are in compliance with the Global Reporting Initiative guidelines or other external CSR reporting standards. Download the How-to Guide on this topic here (in English).

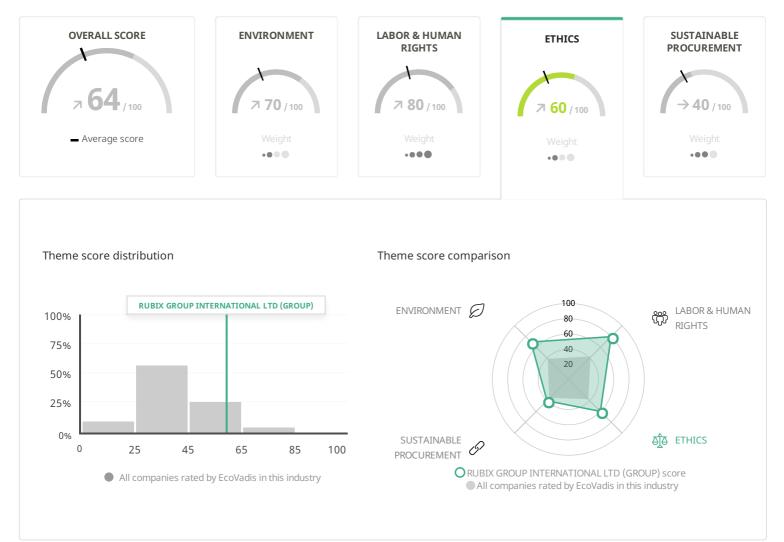
Improvement Areas (4)

Actions						
Low	Less than 20% of operational facilities ISO 45001 certified					
Results						
Low	Declares reporting on accident frequency rate, but no supporting documentation available					
Low	Declares reporting on accident severity rate, but no supporting documentation available					
Low	No information on the level of compliance with GRI guidelines					

8. ETHICS

This theme focuses primarily on corruption and bribery issues, and also takes into account anticompetitive practices and responsible information management.

Ethics Score Breakdown



Ethics: Activated Criteria

Because the questionnaire is customized by industry, size and location, not all 21 criteria are activated for every company and some criteria are weighted more heavily than others.

Ethics: Strengths & Improvement Areas

The Corrective Action Plan is a collaborative feature designed to support companies' performance improvement. It enables companies to build an improvement plan online, communicate planned and completed corrective actions and share feedback. Improvement areas with ongoing corrective actions are marked with labels below.

မြို့မြိ ____Ethics

Strengths (20)

Policies

Disciplinary sanctions to deal with policy violations

Information

There is evidence within the supporting documentation provided that the company has implemented structured mechanisms to deal with policy violations such as disciplinary actions.

Guidance

In order to ensure the adequate implementation of business ethcis policies, companies should establish procedures to administer investigations and sanction employees for eventual violations (i.e. disciplinary measures up to and including possible termination).

Dedicated responsibility for ethics issues

Comprehensive policies on ethics issues

Information

A comprehensive policy on business ethics issues integrates commitments and/or operational objectives on all or almost all of the main fair business practices issues a company is confronted with: namely corruption & bribery issues, and information security and responsible marketing if applicable. It is also compulsory to have additional elements such as formal mechanism to communciate on business ethics, scope of the policy's application and allocation of responsibilities, among others.

Endorsement of the United Nations Global Compact (UNGC)

Information

The UN Global Compact is a strategic policy initiative for businesses that are committed to aligning their operations and strategies with ten universally accepted principles in the areas of human rights, labour, environment and anticorruption. The company is a formal signatory of this initiative.

Guidance

Policies are deemed exceptional when all business ethics issues are covered by qualitative and quantitative objectives. Additionally, an exceptional policy has exhaustive organizational elements such as allocation of responsibilities, mechanisms to deal with policy violations, formal review process, communication of the policy to all employees and business partners, etc. Download the How-to Guide on this topic here (in English).

Guidance

The United Nations Global Compact is a United Nations strategic policy initiative to encourage businesses worldwide to adopt sustainable and socially responsible policies, and to report on their implementation. Companies sign the initiative and then are required to provide overviews of their management system through a mandatory disclosure framework (annual publication of a Communication on Progress [COP]).

Actions

Incident response procedure (IRP) to manage breaches of confidential information

Whistleblower procedure to report ethics issues

Information

The company has implemented a formal whistleblower procedure which encourages employees (and external stakeholders) to report potential violations of the company's business ethics policies.

Guidance

A whistleblower procedure is a grievance mechanism for stakeholders to report any wrongdoings, concerns or breaches of the company business ethics policies. An effective whistleblower procedure must provide stakeholders with an identified communication channel to report their concerns, as well as protect the whistleblowers' confidentiality and rights to non-retaliation. The procedure may also be handled by a third party.

Weight 🔥 🍙 🌰

Awareness training on ethics issues

Information

The company has delivered awareness trainings on business ethics issues for its employees.

Guidance

Specific awareness or training programs are implemented to enable employees to identify and address the common business ethics issues that arise in a workplace. Such program may be conducted either online or in person, and should include regular audits to ensure the training effectiveness.

Implementation of a records retention schedule

Information security risk assessments performed

Information

The company carries out periodic risk assessments on responsible information security management.

Guidance

Risk assessments are a formal process of evaluating and predicting the consequences (positive or negative) of a hazard and their likelihoods/probabilities. Periodic risk assessments on information security allow a company to identify potential information security risks, rate the likely occurrence and the potential impact of the risks, identify security controls, and develop an action plan. Such assessments ensure the presence of a strong compliance program and help to develop a more robust approach to counter breaches in information security management within the organization.

Audits of control procedures to prevent information security breaches

Information

The company's information security policies and compliance mechanisms are regularly audited.

Guidance

Internal controls (for examples four-eyes principle, job rotations, among others) are necessary to regularly monitor the effectiveness and proper implementation of actions put in place to support the responsible information management policies. Periodic audits of those controls, done either through an external third party that performs business ethics audits or an internal audit team, are carried out to ensure their effectiveness and provide reasonable assurance that internal processes are being adhered to.

Corruption risk assessments performed

Information

The company carries out periodic corruption & bribery risk assessments.

Guidance

Risk assessment are a formal process of evaluating and predicting the consequences (positive or negative) of a hazard and their likelihoods/probabilities. Periodic corruption and bribery risk assessments allow a company to identify potential bribery and corruption risks, rate the likely occurrence and the potential impact of the risks, select the appropriate anti-corruption controls, and develop an action plan. Such assessments ensure the presence of a strong compliance program and help to develop a more robust approach to counter bribery and corruption activities by the organization.

Measures to protect third party data from unauthorized access or disclosure

Information

The company has implemented measures to protect customer or client data from unauthorized access or disclosure.

Guidance

The company has taken measures to limit access to customer or client data within its own operation, or have implemented measures to secure its information system including such data so as to protect the data from unauthorized access or disclosure.

Measures for gaining stakeholder consent regarding the processing, sharing and retention of confidential information

Information

The company has implemented measures to consult with customers/clients on their personal/confidential data.

Guidance

Consulting with customers/clients on their personal/confidential data helps to eliminate risks around confidentiality breaches, which is one of the major concerns from customers nowadays.

Third party on-site audit on ethics issues (less than 24 months old), no non-compliance found [Brammer UK, Achilles BuildingConfidence audit]

Information

The company provides evidence through supporting documentation that an audit was conducted, within the past 24 months, by an independent external organization (i.e. third-party) on the company premises covering fair business practices. No non-compliances have been found following this audit.

Guidance

A third party on-site audit is an on-site examination of a company's business sites and sustainability practices by an independent third party auditor. The objective of such audit is to assess the performance of the company with regards to key sustainability criteria as well as the implementation of management systems with regards to sustainability. The performance is therefore verified against a pre-defined set of audit criteria including fair business practices and an audit report is produced to indicate the noncompliances found and to determine the required correction action procedure. An audit report is considered relevant when: 1) it is based on recognized auditing standards (e.g. SMETA, EICC, JAC, TfS); 2) it is less than 24 months old and provides some coverage on the issues at stake; 3) it represents most of the company's operations; 4) the third party audit was conducted by a recognized accredited body.

Audits of control procedures to prevent corruption

Information

The company's anti-corruption and bribery policies and compliance mechanisms are regularly audited.

Guidance

Internal controls (for example four-eyes principle, job rotations, among others) are necessary to regularly monitor the effectiveness and proper implementation of actions put in place to support anti-corruption and bribery policies. Periodic audits of those controls, done either through an external third party that performs business ethics audits or an internal audit team, are carried out to ensure their effectiveness and provide reasonable assurance that internal processes are being adhered to.

Anti-corruption due diligence program on third parties in place

Information

The company has implemented systematic compliance and due-diligence measures when dealing with third-party intermediaries (i.e. commission agents, brokers, sales representatives, distributors, contractors, customs brokers, consultants) acting on its behalf.

Guidance

Provisions in key international laws hold companies liable for corruption related misconduct committed in the context of their relationships with third parties (i.e. their agents, consultants, suppliers, distributors, joint-venture partners, or any individual or entity that has some form of business relationship with the organization). Given the risk exposures caused by third-parties, it is important that companies have adequate due diligence procedures in place. Due diligence is the process of gathering independent information to gain an understanding of the risks associated with a third party and visibility of its compliance management systems which address these risks. It can involve background checks and screenings of third party by means of sanction lists, tracking adverse media reports and identifying links to politically exposed persons, assessments of third parties on their own ethics & compliance programs and risk controls. Companies should provide documentation of their procedures that demonstrate how these due diligence efforts are undertaken.

Specific approval procedure for sensitive transactions (e.g. gifts, travel)

Information

The company has implemented a verification process for sensitive transactions.

Guidance

Sensitive transactions are a broad range of business dealings which involve higher ethics-related risks. Some examples include (non-exhaustive) gifts, travel arrangements and other types of hospitality, which are common in the business world, but may in fact constitute unethical or even illegal kickbacks, bribes or payoffs to influence decision affecting a company's operations, etc. Such transactions also comprise facilitation payments which are usually made with the intention of expediting an administrative process and may be considered as a form of corruption. As such, a verification procedure should be put in place to review and approve any sensitive transactions made by the company.

Specific certification on ethics [i.e. Cyber Essentials]

Results

CSR report has been prepared in accordance with GRI Standards

External assurance of sustainability reporting

Improvement Areas (4)

Actions



No supporting documentation on the coverage of ethics actions throughout the company operations

Information

There is insufficient or inconclusive evidence within supporting documentation on the level of deployment of business ethics actions throughout the company.

Guidance

Companies with more than 1000 employees and/or more than one operational site (such as manufacturing plants, offices, divisions, branches) have inherently greater potential CSR risks and impacts. Therefore, the coverage/ deployment of actions and certifications are important as a higher level of deployment provides higher assurance of an effective, company-wide CSR management system. Some examples of proxies used to determine the level of deployment of actions within the ethics theme (non-exhaustive) are % of the total workforce who received training on business ethics issues, % of all operational sites with an information security management system (ISMS) certified to ISO 27000 (or other equivalent/similar standard), % of all operational sites with certified anticorruption management system etc.



No supporting documentation regarding an information security due diligence program on third parties

Information

No company declaration and no evidence within the supporting documentation regarding the implementation of systematic compliance and due-diligence measures when dealing with third-party intermediaries (i.e. commission agents, brokers, sales representatives, distributors, contractors, customs brokers, consultants) acting on its behalf.

Guidance

Provisions in key international laws hold companies liable for information security related misconduct committed in the context of their relationships with third parties (i.e. their agents, consultants, suppliers, distributors, joint-venture partners, or any individual or entity that has some form of business relationship with the organization). Given the risk exposures caused by third-parties, it is important that companies have adequate due diligence procedures in place. Due diligence is the process of gathering independent information to gain an understanding of the risks associated with a third party and visibility of its compliance management systems which address these risks. It can involve background checks and screenings of third party by means of sanction lists, tracking adverse media reports and identifying links to politically exposed persons, assessments of third parties on their own ethics & compliance programs and risk controls. Companies should provide documentation of their procedures that demonstrate how these due diligence efforts are undertaken.

Results



Insufficient number of KPIs disclosed on ethics issues

Information

There is some evidence of formal reporting on business ethics issues in the supporting documentation. It may include key performance indicators (KPIs), or statistical figures. However reporting elements may be limited in terms of quality or quantity, may not cover the main issues, or reporting is not regularly updated.

Guidance

Based on the information provided for the assessment, reporting does not cover a major portion of relevant issues. To improve the quality of reporting, KPIs could include material issues for the companies' business ethics performance. For example, the number of breaches of the Code of Ethics or number of incidents reported through the whistleblower procedure. They also could include percentage of employees trained in organization's anti-corruption policies and procedures, total number of legal actions for anti-competitive behavior, antitrust, and monopoly practices and their outcomes (Source: Global Reporting Initiative G3). Download the How-to Guide on this topic here (in English).

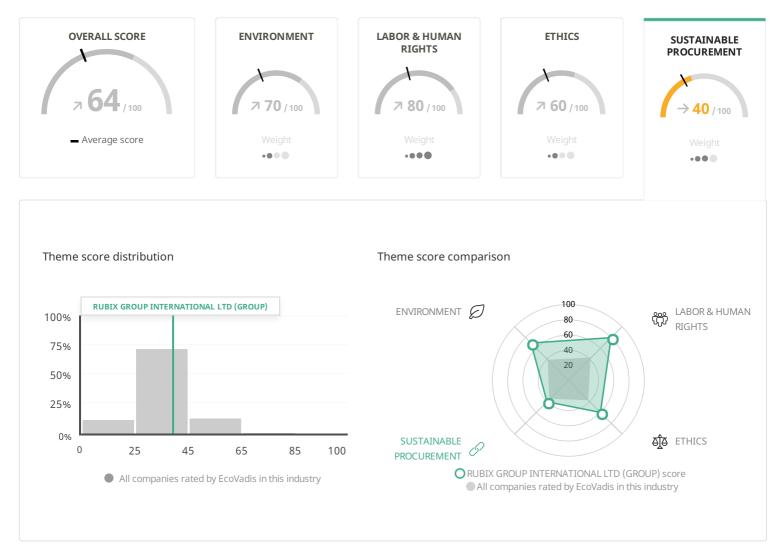
Low

No information on the level of compliance with GRI guidelines

9. SUSTAINABLE PROCUREMENT

This theme focuses on both social and environmental issues within the company supply chain.

Sustainable Procurement Score Breakdown



Sustainable Procurement: Activated Criteria

Because the questionnaire is customized by industry, size and location, not all 21 criteria are activated for every company and some criteria are weighted more heavily than others.

Sustainable Procurement: Strengths & Improvement Areas

The Corrective Action Plan is a collaborative feature designed to support companies' performance improvement. It enables companies to build an improvement plan online, communicate planned and completed corrective actions and share feedback. Improvement areas with ongoing corrective actions are marked with labels below.

Strengths (8)

Policies

151

Sustainable procurement policies on both supplier environmental and social practices

Information

The company has formalized statements, commitments, and/or operational objectives on the management of its sustainable procurement policies. The existing policy covers both environmental and social factors that the company may be confronted with.

Guidance

The standard sustainable procurement policy includes commitments and/or operational objectives on all material sourcing risks the company faces. It is communicated to internal and external stakeholders through a formal dedicated document. A comprehensive sustainable procurement policy also includes additional organizational elements such as a regular review mechanisms, an allocation of responsibilities, and a clearly defined scope of application. Download the How-to Guide on this topic here (in English).

Actions

Supplier CSR code of conduct in place

Information

The company has issued a specific Supplier Code of Conduct which lists the minimum requirements on environmental, labor and business ethics issues to be followed by its suppliers or subcontractors.

Guidance

A supplier Code of Conduct aims to ensure that suppliers provide safe working conditions for their employees, respect fair business ethics practices to comply with rules and regulations and reduce environmental impacts caused by their operations, among other issues. Typically, suppliers are required to uphold the standards in a Code of Conduct in order to continue in a business relationship with their client (i.e. the company undergoing the EcoVadis evaluation).

Regular supplier assessment (e.g. questionnaire) on environmental or social practices

Information

The company provides evidence in supporting documentation of supplier assessments (in-house, 3rd party, or self-assessments) on environmental (including regulatory issues), social and/or ethical issues.

Guidance

Supplier CSR assessments are an effective way to obtain and validate pertinent information from suppliers on CSR issues to facilitate a better understanding of supplier performance. These are often requested by the company undergoing the EcoVadis evaluation to their own suppliers. CSR supplier assessments can be done through checklists, questionnaires or online forms and can be conducted by the client (undergoing the EcoVadis evaluation), a reliable third party or by the supplier itself. The objectives of such assessments are to identify general and sustainability-related practices as well to help identify high-risk suppliers and the need for further risk mitigation actions.

Integration of social or environmental clauses into supplier contracts

Information

The company provides evidence in supporting documentation that social and/or environmental clauses are included in the contractual agreements with its suppliers.

Guidance

Provisions/clauses in business contracts that cover social & environmental issues which are not directly connected to the subject matter of the specific contract. It's a measure defining the behaviour/setting the expectations and for engaging with suppliers on sustainability. Commercial legal contract between the company and its supplier, usually mention termination of contract when expectations concerning CSR issues are not met.

Results

CSR report has been prepared in accordance with GRI Standards

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Weight 🛛 💿 💿

Declares using no tin, tantalum, tungsten, gold, and/or their derivatives (Not verified)

Reporting on Scope 3 GHG emissions

External assurance of sustainability reporting

Improvement Areas (6)

Actions

High

No supporting documentation on the coverage of sustainable procurement actions throughout the company supplier base/operations

Information

There is insufficient or inconclusive evidence within supporting documentation on the level of deployment of sustainable procurement actions throughout the company.

Guidance

Companies shall demonstrate that their sustainable procurement management system is deployed across its buyers and supplier base. The buyers within the assessment scope may include those associated to operational sites including facilities such as manufacturing plants, offices, divisions, branches, and those of subsidiaries, across all the company's geographic locations. The supplier base may include all providers of products and services to the assessment scope, encompassing any level of risk and/or spend. Some examples of evidence used to determine effective deployment of a sustainable procurement management system's actions and certifications include (but are not limited to): - % of targeted suppliers who have signed the supplier code of conduct - % of targeted contracts that include clauses on environmental, labor, human rights, and ethics requirements - % of all buyers across all locations who received training on sustainable procurement - % of targeted suppliers who have gone through a CSR assessment

High

No information on CSR risk analysis being conducted (i.e. prior to supplier assessments or audits)

Information

No company declaration and no evidence within the supporting documentation on the CSR risk analysis being conducted

Guidance

CSR risk mapping allows companies to identify, prevent and reduce social and environmental risks in the supply chain. The company can conduct a CSR risk mapping of its suppliers based on criteria such as procurement category, geographical presence of suppliers and total spend. CSR risk mapping is done before deciding to carry out assessments or audits in order to select which suppliers should receive assessments or audits.



Declares on-site audit of suppliers on environmental or social issues, but no supporting documentation available

Information

The company declares audits of suppliers are conducted based specifically on environmental and/or social criteria. However, no information was found on this topic in the supporting documentation.

Guidance

Some potential examples of measures could include internal audits of suppliers on environmental and/or social issues either conducted by the company, or by a certified third-party (i.e. third-party audit certificates are accepted).



Declares sustainable procurement objectives are integrated into buyer performance reviews, but no supporting documentation available

Information

The company declares integrating CSR performance of suppliers in the buyer performance appraisal, but there is no evidence within the supporting documentation provided by the company.

Guidance

The buyer-supplier relationship plays an important role in improving sustainability in the supply chain. Procurement professionals should be able to identify CSR risks in supply chain as well as develop sustainable procurement strategies to mitigate these risks. They should also reinforce to the suppliers the importance of environmental and social performance and the need to meet ethical standards. One good practice to ensure that buyers contribute to a responsible sourcing strategy is to integrate the CSR performance of their suppliers into the buyers' annual appraisal.

Results



Insufficient number of KPIs disclosed on sustainable procurement issues

Information

There is some evidence of formal reporting on sustainable procurement issues in the supporting documentation. It may include key performance indicators (KPIs), or statistical figures. However reporting elements may be limited in terms of quality or quantity, may not cover the main issues, or reporting is not regularly updated.

Guidance

Based on the information provided for the assessment, reporting does not cover a major portion of relevant issues. To improve the quality of reporting, KPIs could be sector-specific and include for instance: % of suppliers assessed or audited on CSR issues, % of buyers trained on sustainable procurement, % of raw materials purchased that are recycled materials, % of products purchased with an eco-label (Source: Global Reporting Initiative G3). Download the How-to Guide on this topic here (in English).



No information on the level of compliance with GRI guidelines

10. 360° WATCH FINDINGS

14 February 2019	31 May 2021
FO défend le pouvoir d'achat des salariés de chez Brammer	No records found for this company on Compliance Database
http://www.force-ouvriere.fr/fo-defend-le-pouvoir-d- achat-des-salaries-de-chez-brammer?lang=fr	null
Après 2 ans sans augmentation générale et une perte de pouvoir d'achat de 3 %, les syndicats FO et CGT majoritaires chez Brammer revendiquent 100 euros d'augmentation pour tous les salariés. Cette augmentation qui rentre dans le budget prévu par la direction, permet de retrouver le pouvoir d'achat perdu et de réduire les écarts de salaires très importants dans l'entreprise.Face au refus de la direction de négocier sur cette base, les syndicats FO et CGT ont déclenché un mouvement de grève le jeudi 14 février.	→ No score impact
 「,] Labor & Human Rights → No score impact	

360° Watch Findings comprise relevant public information about companies' sustainability practices that have been identified via more than 2,500 data sources (including NGOs, press and trade unions). 360° Watch Findings are incorporated into the EcoVadis assessment and can have positive, negative or no score impact.

EcoVadis is connected to the following international sources:

- Sustainability networks and initiatives (e.g. AccountAbility, Business for Social Responsability, CSR Europe)

- Trade unions and employers' organizations

- International organization (e.g. United Nations, European Court of Human Rights, Global Compact, International Labor Organization, World Bank)

- NGOs (e.g. China Labor Watch, Greenpeace, WWF, Movimento Difesa del Cittadino)

- Research institutes and specialized press (e.g. CSR Asia, Blacksmith Institute, Corpwatch)

11. SPECIFIC COMMENTS

Additional comments from our analysts pertaining to the assessment.

Specific comments

No records found in third party risk and compliance database.
There is a lack of reporting on KPIs regarding ethics issues.
Since the last assessment, the overall score has increased thanks to the implementation of additional policies.
Since the last assessment, the overall score has increased thanks to the publication of additional sustainability reporting.

12. CONTACT US

Any questions or need help? Visit our Help Center at support.ecovadis.com

APPENDIX:

INDUSTRY RISK PROFILE

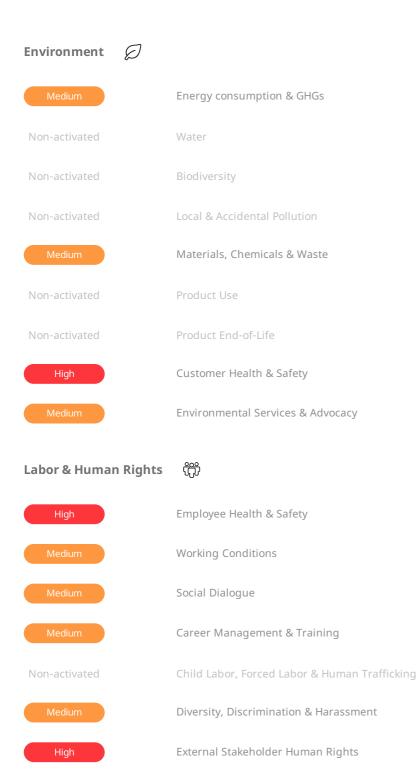
Discover the primary sustainability risks, regulations, hot topics and best practices related to specific industries.

EcoVadis determines industry based on the International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities (ISIC), which is a compilation of all global economic activities published by the United Nations Statistical Commission. Its main purpose is to provide a set of activity categories that can be utilized for the collection and reporting of statistics according to such activities.

It is possible that a company has operations in more than one industry. In these cases, EcoVadis classifies companies based on their main area of operation, as determined by sustainability risk and/or total revenue.

CRITERIA ACTIVATION BY THEME:

Discover the primary sustainability risks, regulations, hot topics and best practices related to specific industries.



Ethics

Medium

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Corruption

Non-activated Anticompetitive Practices

Non-activated Responsible Information Management

Sustainable Procurement 🔗

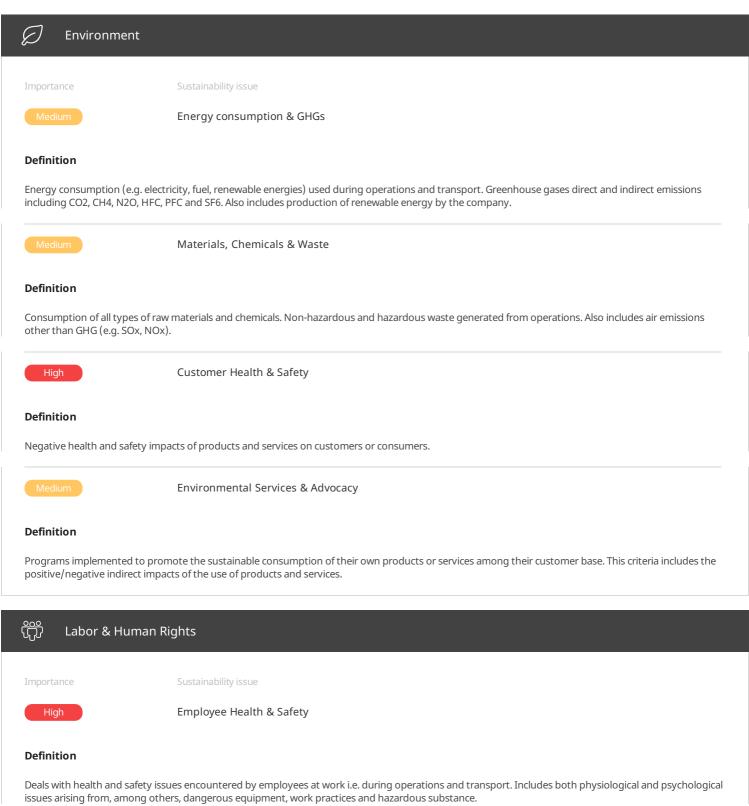


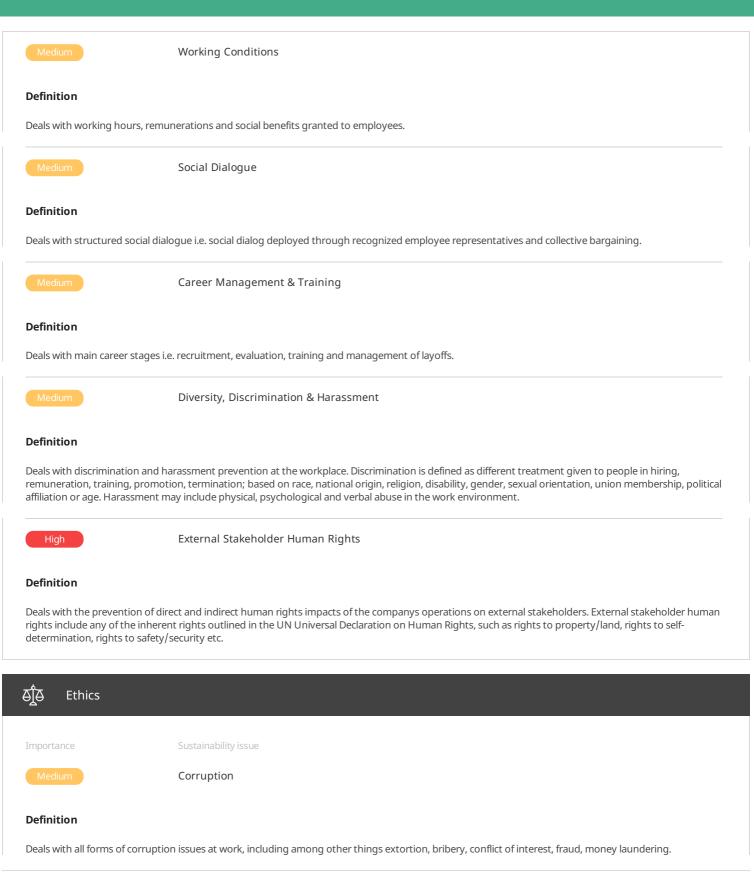
Supplier Environmental Practices

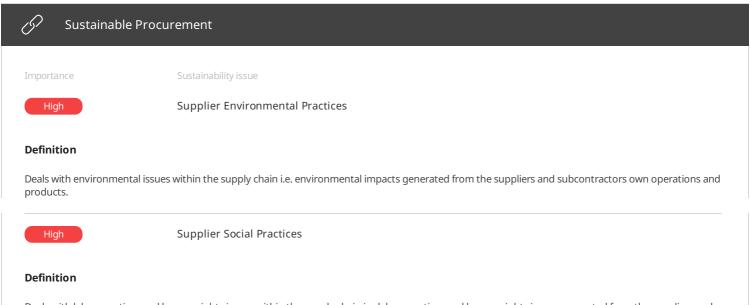
Supplier Social Practices

KEY SUSTAINABILITY ISSUES

Find qualitative explanations of the key sustainability issues and risk associated with Wholesale of other machinery and equipment







Deals with labor practices and human rights issues within the supply chain i.e. labor practices and human rights issues generated from the suppliers and subcontractors own operations or products.

Sustainability KPIs Overview

KPI	All companies rated by EcoVadis in this industry
Active whistleblowing procedure in place	35%
Audit or assessment of suppliers on CSR issues	30%
Carbon disclosure project (CDP) respondent	6%
Global Compact Signatory	10%
ISO 14001 certified (at least one operational site)	32%
OHSAS 18001/ISO 45001 certification or equivalent (at least one operationa	I l site) 21%
Policy on sustainable procurement issues	23%
Reporting on energy consumption or GHGs	29%
Reporting on health & safety indicators	23%

Main Regulations and Initiatives

World Fair Trade Organization

http://www.wfto.com/index.php?option=com_frontpage&Itemid=1

Developing the WFTO Fair Trade System as an affordable guarantee system focused on organizational Fair Trade compliance

€ Î ⊕ Ethics

RoHS II

http://ec.europa.eu/enterprise/policies/european-standards/harmonised-stan dards/restriction-of-hazardous-substances/index_en.htm

A Regulatory

The RoHS directive restricts the use of six hazardous materials in the manufacture of various types of electronic and electrical equipment.

😥 Environment

International Partnership for Premiums and Gifts (IPPAG)Cooperative Code of Conduct

http://www.ippag.net/corporatecitizenship

IPPAG Cooperative is made up of over 20 market leading promotional item wholesalers and distributors spread across the world

ຕື້ Labor & Human Rights

SA8000

http://www.sa-intl.org/index.cfm?fuseaction=Page.ViewPage&PageID=937

Social certification standards for decent workplaces, across all industrial sectors.

ເறີ Labor & Human Rights

Standard ISO 14000 (International Standard Organisation)

http://www.iso.org/iso/iso_14000_essentials

The ISO 14000 family addresses various aspects of environmental management

😥 Environment

REACH

http://ec.europa.eu/environment/chemicals/reach/reach_intro.htm

A Regulatory

The European Union regulation REACH (18 December 2006) encourages manufacturers and importers of "Substances of Very High Concern" to pre-register them.



Energy Star

http://www.energystar.gov/index.cfm?fuseaction=find_a_product.

Provides a system for rating the energy efficiency of products

D Environment

Business and Institutional Furniture Manufacturer's Association, USA

http://www.bifma.org/?page=JoinUsll

Not-for-profit trade association involving standards development and maintenance of office furniture product safety and performance standards

D Environment

GS1

http://www.gs1.org/about/overview

GS1 is an international not-for-profit association working towards improving the efficiency and visibility of supply and demand chains globally and across sectors

🔗 Sustainable Procurement

Universal Declaration of Human Rights

http://www.un.org/Overview/rights.html

Aregulatory

The Universal Declaration of Human Rights (UDHR) is an advisory declaration adopted by the United Nations General Assembly (10 December 1948)

ញ៉ំ Labor & Human Rights

International Labor Organization's Fundamental Conventions

http://www.ilo.org/wcmsp5/groups/public/---ed_norm/---declaration/documen ts/publication/wcms_095895.pdf

Aregulatory

The Governing Body of the International Labour Office has identified eight Conventions as fundamental to the rights of human beings at work. These rights are a precondition for 12 the others in that they provide a necessary framework from which to strive freely for the improvement of individual and collective conditions of work.

ເມື່ອ Labor & Human Rights

Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977

http://www.usdoj.gov/criminal/fraud/fcpa/

A Regulatory

The Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977 (FCPA) prohibits payments, gifts, or Practices Act contributions to officials or employees of any foreign government or government-owned business for the purpose of getting or retaining business.

a Ethics

United Nations Global Compact (10 principles)

http://www.unglobalcompact.org/AboutTheGC/TheTenPrinciples/index.html

The Global Compact asks companies to embrace, support and enact, within their sphere of influence, a set of ten principles in the areas of human rights, labour standards, the environment, and anti-corruption:



Standard Global Reporting Initiative's (GRI)

http://www.globalreporting.org/Home

The GRI is a network-based organization, that has set out the principles and indicators that organizations can use to measure and report their economic, environmental, and social performance.

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Carbon disclosure project

https://www.cdp.net

CDP is an international, not-for-profit organization providing the only global system for companies and cities to measure, disclose, manage and share vital environmental information.

😥 Environment

Standard OHSAS 18001 (Occupational Health and Safety Assessment Series)

http://www.ohsas-18001-occupational-health-and-safety.com/index.htm

OHSAS 18000 is an international occupational health and safety management system specification.

ເறີ Labor & Human Rights

United Nations Convention against Corruption (UNCAC)

http://www.unodc.org/unodc/en/treaties/CAC/index.html

Regulatory

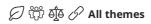
The UNCAC is the first leg12y binding international anti-corruption instrument. In its 8 Chapters and 71 Articles, the UNCAC obliges its States Parties to implement a wide and detailed range of anti-corruption measures affecting their laws, institutions and practices.

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OECD guidelines for multinational enterprises

http://www.oecd.org/about/0,2337,en 2649 34889 1 1 1 1 1,00.html

The Guidelines are recommendations addressed by governments to multinational enterprises operating in or from adhering countries. They provide voluntary principles and standards for responsible business conduct in a variety of areas including employment and industrial relations, human rights, environment, information disclosure, combating bribery, consumer interests, science and technology, competition, and taxation.



Standard ISO 26000 (International Standard Organisation)

http://www.iso.org/iso/pressrelease.htm?refid=Ref972

The future International Standard ISO 26000, Guidance on social responsibility, will provide harmonized, glob12y relevant guidance based on international consensus among expert representatives of the main stakeholder groups and so encourage the implementation of best practice in social responsibility worldwide.

